TO: SCOWCROFT

FROM: UNRECORDED

KEYWORDS: IRAQ
NUCLEAR WEAPONS

PERSONS: HUSSEIN, SADDAM

SUBJECT: PRESS RELEASE RE HUSSEIN MUST DESTROY ALL WEAPONS BY 25 JUL

ACTION: FOR RECORD PURPOSES
DUE DATE: 01 AUG 91
STATUS: C

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CAO ASSIGNED ACTION REQUIRED

X 91072908 FOR RECORD PURPOSES
TIME'S UP: SADDAM'S BREACH OF U.N. CEASE-FIRE JUSTIFIES CONCERTED ACTION TO END HIS MISRULE

(Washington, D.C.): The cease-fire resolution agreed to by Saddam Hussein on 3 April 1991 stipulates that Iraq must declare, surrender or otherwise destroy all its nuclear, chemical and biological weapons and ballistic missiles by 25 July 1991. That day having arrived and there being clear evidence that Baghdad has not complied with this requirement, it is time for civilized nations -- led by the United States -- to take the actions required to bring Iraq into conformity with its obligations.

As a practical matter -- in the face of Saddam Hussein's obvious determination to persist in the development of such weapons of mass destruction, to prepare for their use and to lie about both his intentions and capabilities in these regards -- there is only one hope for securing genuine Iraqi compliance with the terms of the cease-fire: an early end to the ruling clique's reign of terror.

The Center for Security Policy has, from the moment nearly a year ago when Iraq invaded Kuwait, contended that this sort of systemic treatment of the problem was in order. While it has welcomed the symptomatic relief (belatedly) provided by U.S. initiatives which accomplished the liberation of Kuwait, offered sanctuary to the Kurds and interrupted at least a portion of the Iraqi nuclear program, the Center has remained convinced that -- in the absence of an end to Baathist tyranny -- the benefits from such actions would prove to be highly ephemeral.

The Center's position has been eloquently seconded by The New Republic, one of the nation's most thoughtful and influential journals. In this week's lead editorial entitled "Staying There" (a copy of which is attached), the magazine concluded:

"The termination of Baath rule should...become a stated goal of U.S. policy -- and if Iraq is fragmented in the process, the stability of the region will not suffer unduly. If Saddam does not scrupulously honor a deadline for surrendering every ounce of uranium, along with everything else covered by the cease-fire, we should enforce its terms against the violator, rather than his unfortunate subjects. Until the butcher of Baghdad is gone or buried the Gulf war cannot be won, despite all of Mr. Bush's triumphalist rhetoric."

(Emphasis added.)

The Center fully concurs with these sentiments and reiterates in this regard the recommendations made in its recent release entitled Wanted: Saddam Hussein, Dead or Alive (91-P 49, 12 June 1991):

"A bounty should be placed on Saddam Hussein -- a sizeable cash reward for anyone who can end the reign of terror he and his ruling clique are evidently determined to perpetuate indefinitely. In addition, all appropriate resources of the United States government should be devoted to removing him from power."

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1250 24th Street, N.W., Suite 600, Washington, D.C. 20037 (202) 466-0515 FAX (202) 466-0518
The economy now faces the challenge of a global downturn. The pandemic has led to a significant contraction in economic activity, with many businesses and industries suffering from reduced demand. The government has responded with various measures to support the economy, including fiscal stimulus and monetary easing. However, the international community has also been focusing on cooperation and coordination to address the economic challenges.

In the face of these challenges, it is crucial to ensure that the global economy can recover and return to a path of sustainable growth. This requires a coordinated approach from all countries, with a focus on boosting domestic demand, enhancing trade and investment, and addressing the root causes of the economic downturn. The world must work together to achieve a strong and inclusive recovery.
Date: 7/25/91
To: SCOWCROFT, HON BRENT
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Fax Phone Number: 93953380
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# of Pages (including this cover sheet): 3

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