

# Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

## (George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
08. Memcon	Re: Meeting with King Hassan of Morocco [redacted] (5 pp.)	1/30/92	(b)(1)	S

**Collection:**

**Record Group:** Bush Presidential Records  
**Office:** Scowcroft, Brent, Files  
**Series:** Presidential Correspondence  
**Subseries:** Presidential Memcons  
**WHORM Cat.:**  
**File Location:** Presidential Meetings - Memorandum of Conversations 1/1/92 - 1/31/92

**Document Partially Declassified**  
**(Copy of Document Follows)**  
 By MM on 11/6/2013

<b>Date Closed:</b> 1/28/2009	<b>OA/ID Number:</b> 91109-005
<b>FOIA/SYS Case #:</b> 2009-0275-S	<b>Appeal Case #:</b>
<b>Re-review Case #:</b>	<b>Appeal Disposition:</b>
<b>P-2/P-5 Review Case #:</b>	<b>Disposition Date:</b>
<b>AR Case #:</b>	<b>MR Case #:</b> 2009-0646-MR (507)
<b>AR Disposition:</b>	<b>MR Disposition:</b> Released in Part
<b>AR Disposition Date:</b>	<b>MR Disposition Date:</b> 3/15/2012

### RESTRICTION CODES

**Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]**

- P-1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
- P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
- P-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
- P-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
- P-5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
- P-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile.

**Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]**

- (b)(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
- (b)(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
- (b)(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
- (b)(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
- (b)(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
- (b)(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
- (b)(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
- (b)(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information

THE WHITE HOUSE  
WASHINGTON



MEMORANDUM OF CONVERSATION

SUBJECT: Meeting with King Hassan of Morocco

PARTICIPANTS: The President  
James A. Baker III, Secretary of State  
Brent Scowcroft, Assistant to the President  
for National Security Affairs  
Samuel Skinner, Chief of Staff  
Marlin Fitzwater, Assistant to the President  
and Press Secretary  
Freck Vreeland, Ambassador-Designate to  
Morocco  
Nancy Bearg Dyke, Director for International  
Programs and Public Diplomacy, NSC Staff,  
Notetaker

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PER E.O. 13526

2009-0646-MR  
SCS 3/15/12

King Hassan  
Ahmed Osman, President of the Parliament  
Abdellatif Filali, Minister of Foreign  
Affairs  
Ahmed Reda Guedira, Counselor to King Hassan  
Ambassador Belkhayat, Ambassador to the U.S.  
Ambassador Ahmed Snoussi, Permanent  
Representative to the UN

DATE, TIME January 30, 1992, 5:00 - 5:20pm  
AND PLACE: Waldorf Astoria, New York

President Bush: Welcome. I am so glad to see you again. (U)

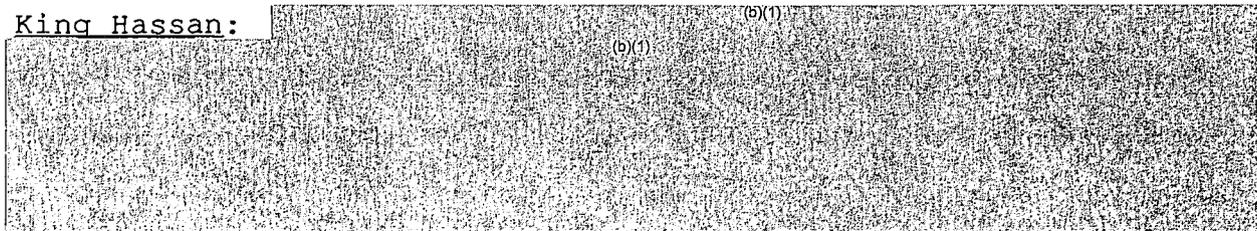
King Hassan: You have many meetings. We have known each other  
for so long. (U)

President Bush: Yes, and there are so many changes in the world  
to discuss this time. (U)

King Hassan: I believe our discussion on the role of the UN  
Security Council could be preceded by a few considerations I  
would like to make. (U)

President Bush: Please go ahead. (U)

King Hassan:



(b)(1)

President Bush: Yes. (U)

King Hassan:

(b)(1)

(b)(1)

President Bush: Tomorrow there will be recognition that the UN has become more effective since the fall of the Soviet Union and though it may be difficult for individual countries, this business of Libya sent a strong signal and couldn't have been done by any one country...On Libya,

(b)(1)

(b)(1)

King Hassan: Let us hope it will lead to something. (U)

President Bush: Let's ask Secretary Baker. He just came from the Moscow meeting. (U)

Secretary Baker: Excuse me for being late. I've just come from the airplane. We very much regret that at the last moment, the Palestinians decided not to attend because the Palestinians did themselves a world of good in Madrid when they appeared. And much of the world's opinion of the Palestinians was changed by their participation in Madrid. But they have great difficulties developing positions because they have so many disparate elements and must check back with Tunis. (b)(1)

(b)(1) I met with the Palestinians last night in Moscow, with Hanan Ashrawi, Faisal Husseini and others. I am confident they want to participate in the working groups such as on refugees, economic development, and so forth. (b)(1)

King Hassan: (b)(1)

President Bush: (b)(1) (Ø)

Secretary Baker: (b)(1) (Ø)

King Hassan: I know. (U)

Secretary Baker: (b)(1)

King Hassan: (b)(1)

President Bush: Yes (U)

Secretary Baker: Absolutely. (U)

President Bush: What were the various press stories?

Secretary Baker: I saw a totally erroneous report on the plane. We do not know what Israel will do -- whether they will accept or will try to go into the private market and borrow. (Ø)

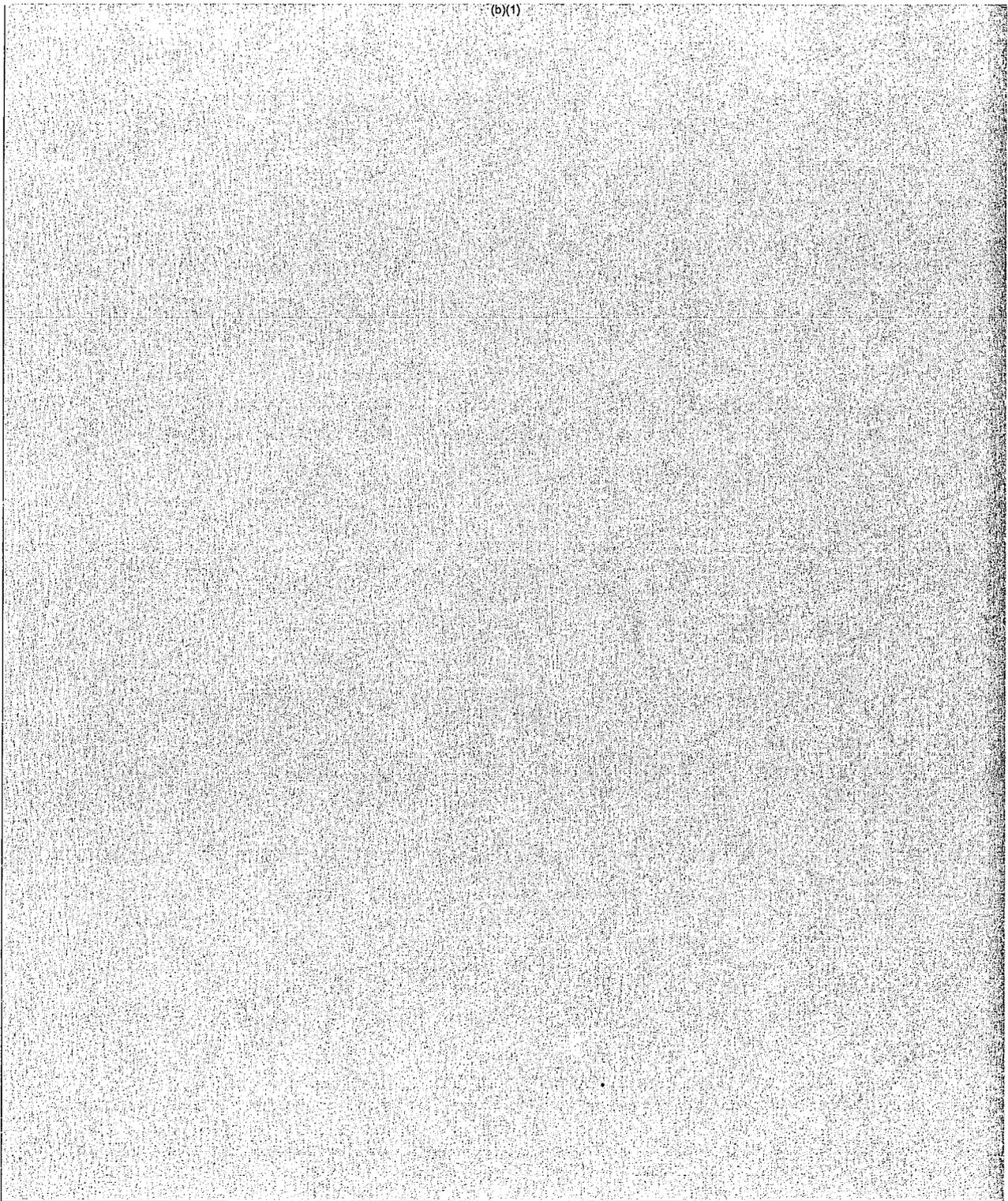
King Hassan: I read it (the press article).

(b)(1)

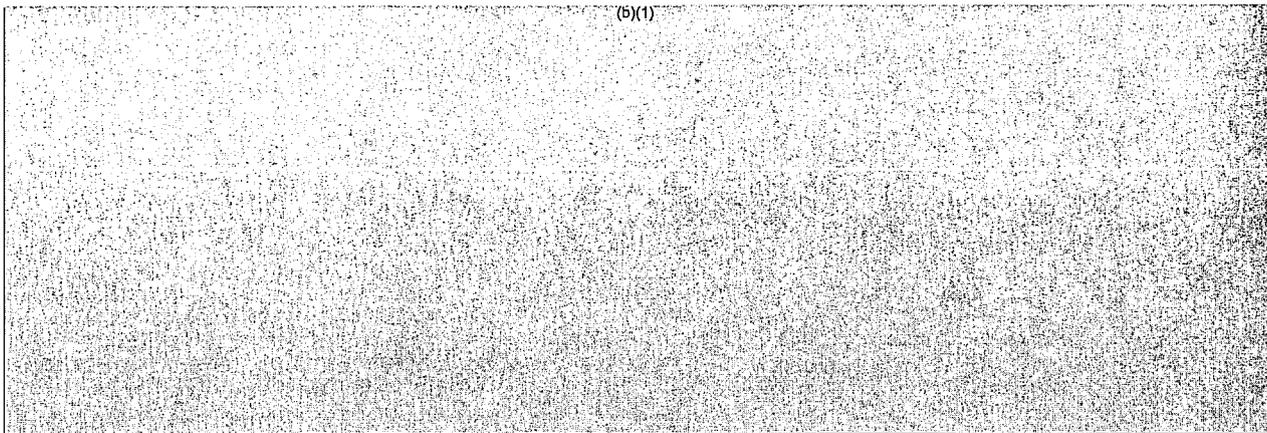
(b)(1)

(Ø)

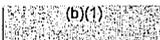
President Bush: The one I saw sounded like Israel was going to give us a proposal. We are in for a fight in Congress. The opposition party has already taken a position against us. (Ø)



(b)(1)

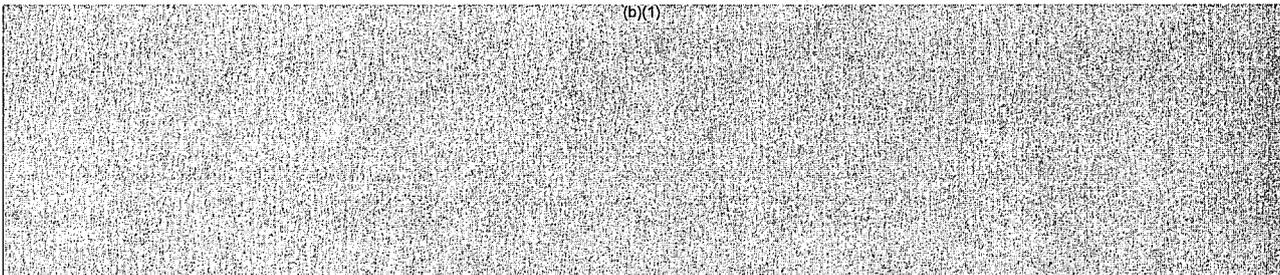


President Bush: Where could Saddam Hussein go? (Ø)

King Hassan:  (Ø)

President Bush: He is getting even more isolated and losing more confidence from his people every day. His security is still extraordinarily tight, but there are more and more reports that people are unhappy. (Ø)

If he could be gotten out, we could start over. Our argument is not with the people of Iraq or even the Revolutionary Guard. We would start over and would encourage a new look and let them come back into the family of nations. I think that a successor regime would have to renounce nuclear weapons and keep agreements that Saddam Hussein made in defeat. The environmental damage they did to the Gulf is incalculable. They haven't accounted for all the prisoners. They haven't accounted for the booty they took away. (Ø)



Closing pleasantries.

-- End of Meeting --