MEMORANDUM OF CONVERSATION

SUBJECT: Meeting with Prime Minister Chatchai Chunhawan of Thailand

PARTICIPANTS:
U.S.
The President
James A. Baker III, Secretary of State
John Sununu, Chief of Staff
Brent Scowcroft, Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs
Karl Jackson, NSC, Notetaker

Thailand
Prime Minister Chatchai Chunhawan
Suwit Yodmani, Prime Minister’s Staff
Surakiat Sathianthai, Adviser to the Prime Minister
Pansak Winyarat, Prime Minister’s Staff

DATE, TIME AND PLACE:
February 23, 1989, 7:05 p.m. - 7:25 p.m.
Ambassador’s Residence, Tokyo, Japan

President Bush: I am anxious to talk about Cambodia. We have always sought to back ASEAN’s common solution to the problem.

Prime Minister Chatchai: The Crown Prince expressed his personal regards.

The relationship between Thailand and the United States has been close and cordial, in the security field and elsewhere.

Regarding Cambodia, there are three resistance factions as well as the PRK. We have listened only to the three factions for the past ten years. What I have done is to talk to the fourth faction. As a result the PRK attended the JIM (Jakarta Informal Meeting).

President Bush: Prince Sihanouk refused to attend the JIM, didn’t he?

Prime Minister Chatchai: I know the Prince personally and I will be meeting with him soon in Beijing.

President Bush: Where is Pol Pot now? Where does he live, in the jungle along the border?

Prime Minister Chatchai: Along the border. I know Ieng Sary personally. Ieng Sary, his wife, Pol Pot, and the wife of Pol

Declassify: OADR
Pot are the center of the movement. However, we can accept Khieu Samphan. (§)

President Bush: We need to keep the pressure on the Vietnamese by backing the three resistance factions. Do you know the Vietnamese leadership? (§)

Prime Minister Chatchai: Yes, I was Foreign Minister in 1975, and Vietnam sent envoys at that time as well as subsequently. (§)

President Bush: When total withdrawal has been completed, can Cambodia and Vietnam have good relations? (§)

Prime Minister Chatchai: If Vietnam stops supplying Phnom Penh and China stops supplying the Khmer Rouge, peace will come at that time. I am not much worried about Cambodia. All of the factions need to stop fighting. Nguyen Co Thach has said he will withdraw all troops by September 1989. They have already pulled out of Laos. (§)

President Bush: What kind of government does Laos have? (§)

Prime Minister Chatchai: A benevolent one. (U)

Regarding the Cambodian settlement, all factions have gone to Jakarta for the JIM. We told them, if you don’t all go, the meeting will be dominated by the PRK. (§)

Mr. Surakiat: In Cambodia, we must proceed step by step. First a cease-fire, then withdrawal and cessation of outside assistance. (§)

Prime Minister Chatchai: I believe the war is over in Indochina. I would like to try to develop the country. I would look forward to close U.S.-Thai cooperation in Laos and Cambodia. (§)

President Bush: We have been worried about the Philippines. I don’t like the looks of the insurrection. Also, I think that the U.S. bases benefit all free countries in the region, and I worry about changes in Philippine public opinion. (§)

Prime Minister Chatchai: The problem is a religious one. (U)

President Bush: That is why the communists have been able to penetrate the Muslim areas of the South. (§)

Prime Minister Chatchai: Also, there is no business. When I stayed in the Manila Hotel, there was no container traffic in the harbor. Mrs. Aquino is a very nice lady but it is a very tough job. (§)
President Bush: Our bilateral relationship is a good one and we want to keep it that way.

Prime Minister Chatchai: We want to let the new wind blow in Southeast Asia.

President Bush: We are sending a signal to Asia that we intend to remain a Pacific power, for both business and security reasons.

Prime Minister Chatchai: We are strongly anti-drug.

President Bush: More and more countries are realizing that drugs are everyone's problem because their own people are being hurt, not just ours.

Prime Minister Chatchai: In order to deal with the whole host of bilateral problems we want to set up a White House to Prime Minister linkage on all issues. This is being done out of a desire to avoid all misunderstandings.

The Prime Minister then rose and on leaving handed President Bush an aide memoir on their conversation.